and granting a charter to establish race courses. The act is as follows:—

An Act for the incomposation of Associations for improved the state of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:—

See. I. Any number of persons, not less than five, may associate and form an incorporation or company for the purpose of raising, improving and breading horses, epon filing in the office of the Secretary of State a declaration signed by all the corporators, expressing their intention to form such company, together with a copy of the charter proposed to be adopted by them.

See. 2. The charter so filed shall set forth the name of the company, the term and county whereit the same shall be located, the mode and manner in which the corporate powers granted by this set are to be executed; the duration of the charter, which shall not exceed twenty-dive years, the mode and manner of cleating trustees and directors and of fling vecancies, the period for the commencement and termination of its facal year, and the amount of capital to be employed in the transaction of its bosiness, but no company shall be organized under this act, or shall the declaration or charter of any company proposed to be formed by filed, as required by the first section for this act except upon disc and sufficient proof to be made to the Secretary of State, upon the eathern of said expiral has been subscribed in good while amount of said expiral has been subscribed in good while amount of said expiral has been subscribed in good while amount of said expiral has been subscribed in good while amount of said expiral has been subscribed in good while amount of said expiral has been subscribed in good while amount of said expiral has been subscribed in good while amount of said expiral has been subscribed in good while amount of soid expiral has been subscribed in good while amount of soid expiral on an dearer shall also be filed in the office of the clerk of the overny wherein the

upon the oath of at least two of the corporators, that the whole amount of said expital has been subscribed in good faith, and at least twenty five per cent thereof actually paid in cash.

Sec. 3. A copy of said declaration and charter shall also be filed in the office of the clerk of the county wherein the said company shall be located, and a notice of the intention to form such company shall be published once in each week, for at least six weeks, in a newspaper printed in said county. Sec. 4. Upon filing a declaration and charter as aforesaid, the persons who have signed the declaration, and their associates and successors, shall thereupon, by write of this act, be a body politic and corporate, by the name stated in said charter, and by that name they and their successors may have possession, and shall be persons in law capable of succing and being said, and they and their successors may have and use a common seal, and the same alter and change at pleasure; and they and their successors, by their corporate name, shall, in law, be capable of taking and receiving, purchasing and helding real extate for the purpose of their incorporation, to an amount not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars in value, and of mortzaing, selling and conveying, or otherwise disposing of the same, as the interest and objects of the company may require.

Sec. 3. Any corporation formed under this not shall have power to raise, inport, surchase, keep, brood and sell horses, and to do all other acts and things necessary in their before the capable of the company as two may be of any company organized under this act, shall ave power to make such by how not inconsistent with the laws of this State, as may be deemed necessary in their believes, and to do all other acts and things necessary in their believes to each of the company as try may deem just and converted such reflect and mend at the such this act, shall ave power to make such by how not inconsistent with the laws of this State, as may be deemed necessary in their believes to th

availed themselves of the privilege granted by this set, and that a new course, to be called the Na-tional Course, is in process of formation, between Newtown and Flushing, about five miles from this city, which can be easily reached by land and water. Attempts have been made for several years to obtain this grant, which have bitherto proved unsuccessful. It is argued by farmers, and breeders of stock generally, that there is no way in which they can get proper compensation for their efforts in rearing first class horses other than by having an opportunity to exhibit

The running horse, as a racer alone, has been neglected in this region since the breaking up of the old Jockey Club; and at this moment we do not know what borses we have among us capable of doing bonor to the North in a four mile contest. Since then, the racehorse has only been used as a basis for our troiting stock, and has proved invaluable for that purpose. This is evident from the fact that nearly all our fast trotters are deep in the

North, and we shall soon have among us Lexington, Arrow, Little Flee, Reube, Maid of Orleans, Red Eye, Highlander, and, in fact, nearly all the fast horses of the South and West. The sport will commence at Baltimore the first week in June, and terminate on Long Islan! in the same month. The races will, no doubt, be well attended, as the love of sporting in this community is very prevalent, and nothing more is wanting to secure a full attendance than a field of first class horses, with proper regulations to insure personal safety and convenience. In fact, it could not be otherwise in a community of a million of people within five miles of a race course.

Claims have been put forth by the Southern press in favor of Lecomte as successor to the saddle of Eclipse, awarded to Fashion after her race with the gallant old Boston. This saddle was presented to Eclipse ating Henry, and is looked upon in the same light as a sampion's belt. They claim that the time made by ate on the Metairie Course-7:26-is the best or scord. Granted. But whether it is sufficient to entitle jm to the saddle is a question to be considered. The one made by Fashion was 7:3234, it is true; but it must be remembered that Fushion did not run against time on that occazion-merely against Boston-and was never put to the lop of her speed during the race. What she could have done that day, no one knows; but certainly she had plenty to spare. Those gentlemen of the South who talk about her achieving that victory with difficulty, could not have seen the race; for a more easy thing was never witnessed on the turf. We say this without disparagement to old Boston, the best stallion this country ever produced, but in defence of Fashion on that occasion. Before this saddle is given up to Lecomte, or any other horse, we would like to see 7:32 1/2 beaten on the Union Course. It must be done before the saddle goes South.

From every indication of the sporting magnet, we will have a brilliant season. But to insure a repetition and continuance of the sport. Northern men must not rely on Southern horses alone-they must be stirring, and endeavor to find out what we have, and what we are likely to have, of our own. Nothing short of first class borses will do.

For a programme of the coming sport, see the adver-

tisement in another column.

Sporting Intelligence.

THE PRIZE FIGHT THAT DID NOT COME OFF—THE PARTIES GOING TO DIFFERENT PLACES.

[From the Buffalo Courier, April 27.]

The STHYAN PARTY.—For nearly a week past our city has been honored with a visit from a large number of "fancy men," notel puglists, &c., who were reported to be engaged in arranging a prize fight, to come off at some near point in Canada. They were headed by the well-known "Yankee Sullivan." The opposing party located at Ningara Falls, and were under the leadership of another famous personage, known to the sporting world as "Dublin Tricks." The men who were to fight were from the London ring, and had never been engaged in a prize fight in this country. Yankee Sullivan's man is manied Jem Parker. The one backed by Dublin Tricks is manced Gribben—both believed to be Englishmen.

The men had been under training at New York and in this vicinity during the past six weeks, there being but two pounds difference in their weight, which was not to exceed for either 150 pounds. The stake was \$500 a side, which had been deposited in the hands of a person agreed upon. No secret was made of the intendion of the parties, or that the preparations for the match were being made daily here.

Several days since large posters announced that a "pleasure excursion" would be had on the steamer Sultana, on Medpossity, April 20—tickets \$2. Accordingly yesterday morning a large crowd assembled at the dock of the steamer. The started about 11½ A. M. Our informant timins that the number on board, strictly excursionists, including, of courae, "New York Short Boys" and "Duffalo Feelers and Shoulder Hitters," was about three bandred. As the Sulinan cast eff, the crowd on the dock cheered lustily. After running down a brig in the harbor, but doing no great stamage, the steamer laid her course up the lake, and was soon out of sight.

On board nothing of peculiar interest occurred, time feminearies with regard to the fight in question were faily discussed, but few or no bets were made. About 1 P. M. the ben

Time Dumin Thicks Parity.—On Wednesday morning the Dublin Tricks party, with their champion, whose name is Gribben, with a company of some fifty or sixty, started from Niagara Falls, and after a short excursion landed at Navy Island about the same time that Sallivan and his party arrived at Point Abino. The same preparations were made, the ring was formed, and the preliminary ceremonies gone through with as at the other place. Gribben stripped for the fight, entered the enclosure, planted his stake, and for nearly two hours anxiously waited the coming of his antagonist, anticipating, no doubt, a glorious victory. But the man of mettle came not, and loud were the curses which were heaped upon him by the auxious spectators. After their patience had been completely exhausted, they pulled up their stakes, and the whole party rotunned to the Falls, where they took the cars on the same evening for New York. Parier and his company also left Buffalo on Wednesday evening, returning to New York. The money which was put up is still in the hands of the stakeholder, and is claimed by both parties.

Patrick Doyle was tried and found guilty, last week, at the Naperville (III.) Circuit Court, of the murder of a workman on the St. Charles air-line railread, last fall, and was sonteneed to be hung on the 12th of May next.

Vindication of Mr. De Cordova.

Mr. Manuel F. de Cordova, the gentleman who was arrested on suspicion of being in league with President Walker, has sent a communication to the San Francisco Herald, denying the charges brought against him. His story is straight-forward, and carries with it an air of truth. He contends, in the first place, that as his arrest is based upon acts done in a foreign country, he cannot in any manner be tried in this. He appears to have just landed in Lower California, when his arrest took place, and knew or saw little of Walker's movements. He describes the people as being in a state of extraordinary scribes the people as being in a state of extraordinary enthusiasm—submitting themselves by solemn oaths to the government of the new republic of Senora, and, as he observes, "I could imagine no reason why I should dissuade them from taking such a step." His passiveness seems to have been the extent of his offending. He declares that he has never even expressed his opinion of President Walker's expedition, or of the political state of the country; and says:—"Only to the President of the United States and the President of Maxico personally, would I care to make known my views, if they should do me the honor to demand them; nor would I fear to make known to each of these great representatives of the two republics, my opinion and sincere convictions as to the well-being and prosperity of the country and its children."

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Esq. :-Sir-I noticed in your valuable paper that an indemnification was made to the officers and soldiers that were in the unfortunate steamer San Francisco for eight months pay each, or an equiva lent for the loss of their clothing and their extreme sufferings. Now I would like to know why the same kindness and forethought has not been extended to the crow
of the steamer Missouri, which was burned at Gibraltar
on the 20th of August, 1843. Sir, nearly cleven years
has elapsed since the above event took place. Captain
Newton, and the Hon. Caleb Cushing, then Minister to
China, assured us that the government of the United
States would indemnify us for all our losses. This act
on the part of the government, I am sorry to say, has
not yet been performed, notwithstanding my memerial
was presented by the Hon. Charles Hugor, of New York,
to the honorable the House of Representatives, now in
session at Washington. Now, ir, I wish to see fair play,
as a seaman always does, therefore I cannot see the
reamon why our case is not as worthy of consideration as
those who suffered on board the San Francisco. Now,
sir, this is the first mishap that has befallen a vessel
carrying United States soidiers, while the crew of the
Feacock, which was lost in Columbia river, that of
the Shark, (schooner,) lost at the same place, and that
of the brig Somers, and many others, never received
anythirg for their losses. But, poor fellows, they were
safters. PHILIP T. DOWNEY, Ship's Coxswain, U. S,
frigate Missouri, 11 Eatavia street, New York. lent for the loss of their clothing and their extreme suf-

Theatres and Exhibitions.

Enonway Theatre.—To night being the last of Miss Dean's present engagement, it is presumed to the theatre will be crowded. The piece selected is the new play entitled "Isabel, or the Fatal Mark," Miss Dean sustaining the character of Isabel, and Mr. Conway that of the Recluse. The amusing farce of a "Pleasant Neighbor" will close the entertainments. Mr. and Mrs. B. Williams are to appear on Monday.

BURTON'S THEATRE.—The benefit of Mr. Heilge, the scenic artist of the theatre, will come off this evening. Sinkspeare's comedy of "The Tempest" which has been so well received during its representation, will commence the amusements, and the farce entitled "The Happiest Day of My Life," will terminate all.

BOWENT THEATRE.—The anascements nightly given at this establishment are well attended. The pregramme offered for this evening comprises the drama called "The Hamp, and the meral drama styled "Hot Corn." The casts of the pieces embrace the names of the entire company.

Nexuell Theatre.—The moral draws of "Unde Tork"

pany.

National Theaths.—The moral drama of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" is to be performed both this afternoon and evening. The cast remains as usual, little Cordella Howard appearing as Eva, and Mrs. Howard as Topsy.

Wallack's Theathe.—Manager Wallack announces three pieces for the amusement of his patrons this evening. The first on the list is the laugicable farce of "Number One Round the Corner." This will be followed by the successful original comedy called "Hearts at Fault," and the comedictio of "A Pretty Piece of Business" will be the terminating piece.

Amenican Messue.—The amusing drama of "Don

be the terminating piece.

American Museum.—The amusing drama of "Don Casar de Bezan," will be presented this afternoon. Mr. Clarke personating the character of Don Casar, and Miss Mostayer that of Maritana. The same piece will be given in the evening, with the addition of the farce of the "Happy Man."

Cansary's Minstraels are to sing many of their favorite ballads this evening. The "Concert a la Jullien" is to be repeated.

Wood's Minstraels.—The principal feature for this evening is the operatic burletta of "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

Cabin. 32

EUCKIEV'S SEMENADERS.—This band is well patronized, and the performances give great satisfaction.

White's SEMENADERS advertise a first-rate selection of Ethiopian performances for this evening.

HART'S WHOLE WORLD is still on exhibition at 377

FROM MAIN'S WHOLK WORLD IS STILL ON EXHIBITION AT 377 Breadway.

JONES' PANTASCOPE can be seen every afternoon and evening, at the Apollo Rooms.

FRANCON'S HIPPODROME opened in Washington City, on Saturday last, to a full house, notwithstanding that the rain was pouring in torrents. The Hippodrome people delayed opening for a week, in consequence of the weather, but at length, setting it at defiance, commenced in the midst of a thunder storm. The company comprises all the principal performers who appeared in this city last year, and the tent covers a space of more than two acres. We have no doubt the managers will be amply compensated for their enterprise, in enabling our legislators to see how their prototypes of the Roman Senate amused themselves in the days of the model republic. The Hippodrome visits Baltimore after the Washington season, and then proceeds to Boston, where it will remain till the opening of the New York season, in August next.

Superior Court—Part Second.

Before Hon. Judge Campbelland a Jury.

April 28.—Jehn Murray againt Henry P. De Graaf.—
This was an action for assault and battery, brought by
the plaintiff, porter in a furniture store at 464 Pearl
street, against the defendant, a cabinet and furniture dealer at 460 Pearl street. From the evidence, it
appeared that the parties to this suit were competitors
in business, and on the 16th of December 1853, the defendant, it was alleged by Messys. Allen & Wagner, counsel for the plaintiff, was standing in his own store door,
when the plaintiff passed the door, and some hard words
were exchanged, which resulted in blows and a general
fight between the defendant and his partner and the
plaintiff. Damages were laid at \$1,500. For the defence,
Mr. A. R. Byett contended that the defendant was
challenged by the plaintiff to fight, which the defeatlant
accepted; and both parties "went in," and, as usual, the
vanguished one brought this action for his damages.—
Versite for the plaintiff, \$50. Adjourned for the term.

ARMY PENSIONERS.—A statement of the number of army pensioners on the roll January 1, 1854, and the amount of the yearly silowance, exclusive of arrearages:—

d	Invalids under all the acts 4,918	\$414,714 93
	Revolutionary soldiers under the acts of 1818, 1828, and 1832	76,902 13
	February 2 and July 29, 1848 and 1853	482,735 13
	July 21, 1848, and first sec- tion of the act of 1853 1.800	131,353 86

DIBASTROUS FIRE IN AMERICUS GA.—A destructive fre occurred in Americus, Samter county, Gs. on the 15th inst. by which twelve buildings were consumed, among them the Presbyterian Church, the new building of Messrs King & Helane, the law office of H. K. McCay, the doctor shop of B. P. Livingston and the drug store of Messrs. Young & Ford. Our Post Office was kept in the latter building. We are happy to state that the Postmaster saved everything appertaining to his office. The following is a list of the property destroyed, its estimate, and the names of the sufferers, so far as we have been able to ascertain —B. W. Smith's blacksmith shop, loss \$1,200. Freshyterian church, loss \$1,000. King & McLain's new building, loss \$2,000. M. Meadow's grocery store, \$4,000. Crosby, \$1,000. J. & J. W. Ragan's aboe and harness shop, \$1,000. Young & Ford's drug store, \$1,500. H. K. McCay's law office, \$300. B. P. Livingston's doctor shop, \$100. DISASTROUS FIRE IN AMERICUS GA .- A destruc-

store, \$1,500. H. K. McCay's law office, \$300. B. P. Livingston's doctor shop, \$100.

RAHEROAD ACCIDENT AND NARROW ESCAUE.—The express train from Philadelphia, due here at six o'cleck on Saturday evening, was detrined until a quarter past ten o'clock at night, in consequence of running over a cow at Hall's Cross Roads, by which the locemotive, baggage car and smoking car were thrown from the track. The smoking car at the time contained 25 or 30 passengers, and, notwithstanding' it was considerably broken and smashed, not a single person was injured beyond receiving a few scratches. The locemotive and beggage car were also much damaged, and the iron rails of the read torn up for a distance of about thirty yards. The total loss to the company will probably be not less than \$2,000. The officers in charge of the train immediately despatched a messenge; back to Havre de Grace, and procured another locemotive from the other side of the river, the track in the meantime having been repaired sufficiently to allow of its connection with the disabled train, so that it arrived here at the time stated above. The accident was unavoidable, and the escape from any serious personal injury is truly wonderful.—Ballimore Sun, April 24.

AN OLD SOLDIER AND TWO CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH.—On Thursday night, about one o'clock, a fire broke out in the house of J. Louginette, on Market street, near Bread street. The upper portion of the house, occupied by the family, was consumed; the first story, ocupied as a barroom, partially escaped. The most distressing feature of the calamity was the death of three persons, an old man named Charles Maddiss, and two children of J. Louginette, one about ten and the other about six years old. They were sufficated before assistance could be rendered them. Mr. Maddiss, we understand, was a native of France, and came to this country in 1850. He fought in the war of 1812, and was, we are told, at the memorable battle of New Orleans. He was about sixty years old.—Nashville Union, 21st inst.

Court of Common Pleas—Special Term.

IMPORTANT TO JUDGMENT DEBTORS AND CREDITORS.

Before Judge Ingraham.

Afrik 28.—Rittertand v. Maryott.—The plaintiff recovered a judgment against the defendant in this case, in the Marine Court, and filed a transcript with the County Clerk. He then issued an execution out of this court, which was returned unpaid. Supplementary proceedings were taken, and he appeared under the order for his examination, and opposed the same on two grounds—first, that he had appealed to the general term of that court, and had given security thereon, which appeal was still undecided; and secondly, that the plaintiff had directed the Sheriff to return the execution in this case immediately, as there was no property on which it could be levied. He further states in his affidavit that he had abundant property to pay the debt, and was not called upon by the Sheriff for payment. By the 5th section of the act in relation to the Marine Court, (sess. 76, p. 1,165, appeals are allowed from judgments entered by direction of a single Justice, to the Justices at a general term of the Supreme Courts. Upon such appeals, in order to stay proceedings, security is necessar, and on the giving of such security proceedings are stayed. (Code, sec. 348.) The effect of such security and appeal would stay all proceedings. The transcript, after it is filed with the Court, and although the stay of proceedings in the Marine Court, and if the transcript had not been signed by the Clerk, would stay that proceeding. The transcript, after it is filed with the Court, and although the stay of proceedings in the Marine Court, and although the stay of proceedings in the Marine Court, and if the transcript had not been signed by the Clerk, would stay that proceedings the court, and although the stay of proceedings in the Marine Court, and if the transcript had not been signed by the Clerk, would stay that proceedings in the Marine Court would not per se operate on a stay of the execution issued thereon, still it is proper that we

Court of Common Pleas.

Court of Common Pleas.

ANOTHER INJUNCTION AGAINST THE COMMISSIONERS
OF EMBORATION.

Before Hon, Judge Ingraham.

AFRIL 28—This morning Messes, Elmond Blankman and Fletcher Park made a motion before his Honor Judge Ingraham for an injunction against the Commissioners of Emigration of the city of New York, to restrain them from establishing an office or receiving place or loding house for newly arrived emigrants, on behalf of the citizens of the Fourteenth ward, in this city, the plaintiffs in which suit are Thomas Chalmara, James M. Bard, and others—the Commissioners having leased the premises on the northwest corner of Contre and Canal streets, heretofore and now used by the New York and New Haven Railroad Company as a depot, for that purpose.

The injunction was granted, and an order made that the defendants, the Commissioners of Emigration, show cause before the special term of the Common Pleas, on the 4th day of May next, why the injunction should not be made permanent.

Supreme Court—Circuit.

Before Hon. Judge Mitchell.

ACTION AGAINST AN INSURANCE COMPANY.

APER 28.—Wadsworth and Skeldon w. The Empire State kineal Insurance Company.—In this case the plaintiffs sued as co-partners on a policy of insurance effected on property in the sugar house, in Laight street, which was destroyed by fire on 16th May. 1852, and the total loss estimated at \$120,800. The defence was that the plaintiffs were not co-partners at the time of the insurance, or when the fire occurred, and also that the plaintiffs had not compiled with the requirements of the policy, to furnish, item by item, an account of the loss; that the policy was issued on the understanding that bene clack was not to be brought on the premises in a condition in which it would be likely to ignite, and that the plaintiffs, in doing so, were guilty of culpable negligence. Verdict for plaintiff, \$5,679 83, subject to adjustment.

Superior Court.

Before Hon. Judge Slosson and a Jury.

THE LATE NORWALK CALAMITY—ACTION AGAINST A

THE LATE NORWALK CALAMITY—ACTION AGAINST A RAILROAD.

APRIL 28.—Warren S. Newell against the New York and New Haven Raitroot.—The plantiff, as already stated, is one of the sufferers in the calamity of May, 1853 on the occasion of the train being run over the drawbridge into the Norwalk creek. The Judge, in charging the jury, said, that as the fact of the catastropic or negligence was not denied by the defendants the only question for them was the amount of compensation to be awarded the plaintiff. He was entitled to compensation for his pecuniary losses, and also for his bodily injuries and consequent sufferings; but the jury were to consider these alone, and shoul! not allow their sympathies, called forth by the general horrors of the occasion, to influence them in the decision to which they should come as to the issue between the present plaintiff and the defendants. His Honer then proceeded to state the law which governed the case.

Superior Court—Part First.

Before Chief Justice Oakley, and a Jury.

Affell 24—Action For Amoult and Battery—Robert
Stherberg and Wife ex. Joseph A. Baker.—This was an
action for assault and battery, alleged to have been committed by the defendant on the female plaintiff. The
transaction arose out of a dispute between the parties
about a piece of oileloth in the house in Eighth avenue,
where the parties resided. Dr. J. P. Garrish, deposed where the parties resided. Pr. J. P. Garrish, deposed to the injuries inflicted on the lady; that she was bruised about certain parts of the body and the mouth; that Mrs. Silverberg was then in a delicate situation, and that a premature confinement was the result. For the defence it was contended that the lady was the aggressor; that she assauted the defendant, and that he used no more violence than was necessary for his own protection. The jury, being unable to agree on a verdict, were discharged.

The Meeting at Pythagoras Hall.

New York, April 23, 1854.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

Siz—In your report in this morning's paper of the meeting of the United Liberal Societies, held last evening at Pythagoras Hall, exists an error, which I beg of you to restify.

at Pythagoras Hall, exists an error, which I we to rectify.

The credential paper nominating the Hon. John P. Hale and John McMullen as delegates, was sent from the American "Free Penneratic League," and not, as you stated, from the Society of Universal Penneratic Republicanism, which has been represented among us from the commencement of our union. FRED K WIECHEL, Secretary of the United Liberal Societies.

## PERSONAL PROPERTY OF PROPERTY OF FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONEY MARKET.

FRIDAY, April 28-5 P. M. There was a heavy, dull, miserable market to day, and all the indications are in favor of lower prices. At the first board to-day quotations generally were lower than at the close yesterday. Cumberland Coal fell off 14 per cent; Parker Vein, 1/4; New York Central Railroad, 1/6; Rending Railroad, 14; Eric Railroad, 14; New Haven Railroad, 3/2. Fanama Railroad went up 3/4 per cent. At the second board there was no particular change. Cleveland and Pittsburg advanced 1 per cent; Michigan Southern Railroad, 14. Reading Railroad declined 14 per cent, and Hudson River Railroad 36. Very few operations to-day were for cash. Panama Railroad stock lately has been in demand, at steadily improving prices. The rapid extension of the road and the prospect of an early completion have created the inquiry for it, and the purchases are for permanent investment. There is no movement of any importance in any other stock. Crystal Palace has run down below fifty again, and is heavy at quotations. It does not attract the attention of street speculators much, and the recent purchases have been entirely on account of those directly connected with the present management.

There were few transactions of any moment in the mining world, unless we particularize a few thousand short sales of Gardiner gold. North Carolina is firme

ian it was. The I	Lake Su	perior stocks, genera	lly, a
all. The following	were th	e bids at the Mining !	Board
Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	
nrker Vein 614		Maniton	
chigh 2%		Connecticut	5
m. White Zinc	134	Morris copper 3	8
lster 134	11%	Deep River 5c	
utchess silver. 1%		Rockland	11
otomac, old 2%		Phenix 34	8
o. new %	1	McCulloch 5	
arroll	214	Conrad 40c.	50
orth Carolina. 2%		Gold Hill 3	-
iwassee 5%		Gardiner 2%	2
orth West	20	Am. mining17	-
orwich	1114	Bridg'wir Paint-	9
ulton	1%	Wyckoff 3	4
emmit	5		

A meeting of the directors of the Albion Mining Company was held yesterday, when it was resolved to in crease the monthly expenditure on the mine to \$5,000. Mr. Craske's map of the coal regions of George's Creek, sold at 22 Spruce street—showing the lands of the George's Creek, Farker Vein, Swanten, and other com-panies of that region, together with its railroads—appears to be accurate, and can hardly fail to be useful to

those interested. There has not been much business to-day in foreign exchange, and drawers continue firm at rates previously quoted. There is not a very large supply of bills on the market. We quote bills on London at 0¼ a 9½ per cent; on Paris, 5f. 12½ a 5f. 11½; Amsterdam, 41% a 41%; Eremen, 70% a 80; Hamburg, 30% a 37.

The receipts at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of this port to day-April 28-were, received, 865,071 79; 1 aid, \$147,463 61 -- balance, \$5,727,757 70.

The gross earnings of the Cleveland, Columbus and Circinnati Railroad Company during the month of March, 1864, amounted to \$106,797 96, against \$84,873 67 for the same month last year, showing an increase of \$16,038 23 for the month this year.

According to the annual statement of the Mercantile Mutual Insurance Company, the net earned premiums of the company for the year ending the 3d inst., were \$2,-126,655 11. There were paid during the same time, \$1,-724,169 63 for marine losses, \$36,214 40 for inland navigation losses, and \$337,306 04 for re-insurance commissions, interest and expenses, making a total of \$2,697,690 07, and leaving \$29,165 04 as the net profits of the year. The net earnings of the company for the eight years of its existence, are \$2,220,112 80; of which certificates to leaving a remainder of \$965,189 17. The present assets of the company are \$1,599,765 97. Interest at the rate of six per cent per annum will be paid on the outstanding certificates of the company, on the second Monday in August next.

Department, Washington, on Wednesday, the were:-	26th ins	ıt.,
for the redemption of stocks	\$13,725	63
for paying other Treasury debts	82,830	02
for the Customs		
for covering into the Treasury from Customs.		50
Tom miscellaneous sources	041111111111111111111111111111111111111	
For the War Department		RO
for re-paying for the War Department	8,480	50
for the Navy Department	8,583	38
or repayments in the Navy Department	8 583	28
For the Interior Department	12 400	09
or the interior Department	10,400	100
For repaying in the Interior Department	1,641	54

The Philadelphia Ledger of yesterday says:—

The reduction of the rate of tolls on the main line of the public works, by the Canal Commissioners—the reduction to take effect on the lat of May—is charged as a ruse on the part of the State administration to prevent the sale. According to the law the tolls are limited to what they are when the bill is perfected. Consequently, the tolls being reduced, the profits of the works will be lessened. The effect of this will be to remove competition for their possession, and will reduce buyers to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. At the reduced rates of tolls no rival purchasers can, it is believed, work them profitably. Whether any company can make this line pay, at ten millions of dollars, is by no means certain, but it has always appeared to us that it is worth more to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company than to any other party. By helding control over the two lines such discriminations may be made in tolls as to drive heavy freight into the canal, thus leaving greater facilities on the road for passengers and the lighter descriptions of freight. If the line is not worth ten millions to the State, nor to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, it is probably not worth it to say. If we remember rightly, the capital and entire liabilities of the company are now about fifteen millions of dollars. Ten millions more for the Main Line males an aggregate of \$25,000,000, a very round sum, and before incurred should be closely calculated, to ascertain if there is sufficient business to make such as investment prediable. The Philadelphia Ledger of yesterday says:-

The circular of T. J. Stewart & Co., prepared for the steamship Arctic, contains the following remarks relative to the movements of the cotton market, the receipts of cotton, &c., up to the latest dates :-

ive to the movements of the cotton market, the receipts of cotton, &c., up to the latest dates:—

At the close of our last report per Atlantic, on 15th inst., we referred to the hope of soon seeing prices steadier, as the decline had been out of proportion to the alleged causes, and that the receipt of advices of the commencement of hostilities between the Western Powers and Russia, would, instead of impairing confidence, probably cause an advance, from natural reaction. The America's advices to 1st inst, which were received almost simultaneously with our issue, had that effect, and although for a day or two prices were quoted lower, there were no sellers at such quotations, and a decided improvement in inquiry was perceptible, which continued throughout the week, closing firm at prices ½c. to ½c. higher than the forced sales, with a total business of 12,027 bales, of which 2,348 were taken for export. The Beard of Brokers at their meeting last Monday morning, adepted the quotations at top. The sales on that day reached nearly 5 000 bales, of which 4,000 were for export. On the 28th 1,852 bales were reported, of which 640 were for export. On the 28th 1,852 bales were reported, of which 640 were for export. On the the continued the continued of the continued lessen the demand at a period of probable largo receipts from this side, caused the check, as all the general elements were otherwise favorable. On Turnslay the tone of the market was languid, with a business of \$42 bales, of which 446 were reported for export, and yesterday 1,050, closing heavy. The receipts of cotton at the ports continued free from the causes named by us in that issue, the excess being reduced upwards of 50,000 bales in the fortnight, and now show a difference of \$21,060 bales. The senson, so far, has been propitious for planting, and the usual complaints on that score have disappeared. The crop figure excites but little controversy, the average opinion b

The annexed statement exhibits the quantity and value of foreign dry goods entered at this port for consumption, for warehouse, and the withdrawals from warehouse, during the week ending and including Thursday, April 27, 1854:-

27, 1854:—

MOVEMENTS IN FOREIGN DRY GOODS.

Entered for Consumption.

MANUFACTURES OF WOOL.

Pkys. Value.

MANUFACTURES OF WOOL.

Pkys. Value.

Woollens. 223 985,945 Cottons. 880 8165,822 Cloths. 74 30,622 Colored do. 7 1,443 Wersteds. 20 6,825 Ginghams. 6 1,169 Stuff goods. 21 5,149 Muslins. 12 1,635 Cott. & worst. 302 69,690 Embroid. do. 30 10,639 Pe Laines. 7 5,712 Velvots. 17 4,636 Shawis. 11 3,685 Laces. 9 3,487 Covers. 6 1,848 Hose. 130 21,048 Blankets. 162 27,547 Gloves. 4 712 Lastings. 9 3,131 Spool... 49 11,331 Hose. 20 2,649

Br'ds & bdgs. 21 6,187 Yarn. 40 9,916 Carpeting. 190 58,826 Carpeting.... 190 58,826 MANUFACTURES O 
 Carpeting
 190
 58,826
 MANUFACTURES OF FIAX
 Linens
 614 \$140,815

 Total
 1,096
 \$327,739
 Do. & cotton
 65
 8,454

 MANUFACTURES OF SILK
 Laces
 8
 4,742

 Silks
 121 \$148,928
 Handk'chiefs
 10
 65

 Ribbons
 55
 40,382
 Thread
 40
 11,217
 Silks . . . . 121 \$148,928 Ribbons . . . . 55 40,382 
 Ribbons.
 55

 Ribbons.
 26

 Laces.
 26

 Crape.
 4

 Velvets
 10

 Shawls
 8

 Cravats
 3
 40,382 10,980 1,728 11,249 5,237 1,933 7,139 13,378 31,055 1,076 1,179 3,654 10,160 10,854 Total..... 787 \$171,578 MISCELLANEOUS. | MISCELLANBOUS. | Straw goods. 95 | \$18,593 | Embroidered. 42 | 32,134 | Collars, &c. 7 | 5,137 | Feath's & fio. 4 | 1,104 | Leath gloves. 16 | 17,251 | Kid do. 4 | 4,479 | Corsets.... 5 | 792 Pongees.... Silk & worst.. Silk & cotton.

Total ..... 173 \$79,490 Total..... 482 \$298,932 
 Withdrawen from Warehouse,

 MANUFACTURES OF WOOL
 MANUFACTURES OF COUNTY

 Woollens.
 11
 \$5,418
 Cottons
 132

 Cloths
 6
 2,243
 Ginghams
 7

 Cot. and worst
 23
 4,689
 Jace
 1

 Shawls
 4
 1,518
 Emb'd muslin
 14

 Rankets
 9
 2,409
 Hose
 41

 Carpeting
 5
 1,964
 Tain
 Tain
 Withdrawn from Wareho Total..... 195 \$43,649 Total ..... 61 \$17,841 MANUFACTURES OF SILK. MANUFACTURES OF FLAX.
Linen...... 22 34,288
Thread ..... 4 784 Linen..... 22 Thread..... 4 Total..... 26 \$5,072 MISCELLANEOUS. Straw goods. 9 \$818 Collars, &c... 1 1,014 Laces..... C. shawls.... Silk & worsted Sewing ..... 2 Raw ..... 68 Total..... 10 \$1,832 Total..... 87 \$27,764 Entered for Warehouting.

82 OF WOOL. MANUFACTURES OF SILK.

84 \$45,913 Silks . 23 \$31,0
55 25,963 Ribbons. 1 1,3
26 10,193 Pongees. 48 11,0
139 35,010 Silk and cot'n. 29 21,8
90 10,119 Raw. 47 7,4
40 12,659 ### Entered for The Company of the C

Total.... 143 372.034 MANUPACTURES OF F.AX. Lineus.... 126 \$25,065 Lineu and cot. 16 8,184 Total..... 484 \$189,797 MANUFACTURES OF COTTON.

Cottons. 221 \$44,644
Coloreddo. 14 4.622
Luces. 6 1,381
Muslims 66 13,125
Hose. 32 5,001 Total ..... 339 \$68,773 Total ..... 23 25.887 RECAPITULATION.

Entered for Consumption. Miscellaneous .... Total..... 3,502 \$1,100,791

| Withdrawn from Warchouse | Manufactures of wool. | 61 | Do. of cotton | 195 | Do. of silk. | 87 | Do. of flax. | 26 | Missellanceus | 10 | Total ..... 379 \$96,158 | Entered for Warehousings | Manufactures of wool | 434 | 190 | of cotton | 839 | 190 | of silk | 148 | 190 | of flax | 142 | Miscellaneous | 28 | \$139,797 Total ...... 1,091 \$318,310

Foreign manufactures are quiet and languid. The regular operations have decreased in number and extent, and now evince very little vigor, though there is not much arriving, nor a large desirable stock here. The movements in continental fabrics are moderate, and prices of these obviously favor purchasers. The recent accounts from the Old World do not seem to have influenced the trade much. British goods are not over abandant, nor eagerly tendered, but they are likewise only in very limited request, at somewhat irregular figures, though most owners are reluctant to make any conces sions. The linen business is certainly prosperous and premising, but this is the only branch of the foreign dry goods trade that merits the same notice. The auction

cers are still actively employed in freeing holders of bur-thensome and unattractive supplies, which they distri-bute without mercy. We have seen nothing in the recent transactions of this kind worthy of special reference.

A return has recently been made up by the Board of Trade of Great Britain, showing, "as far as can be given," the quantity of spirits, beer, &c., consumed in the United Kingdom annually. In the instance of beer, the return has been calculated upon the quantities of malt and sugar used by licensed brewers, deducting the beer ex-ported; there is no account of the beer brewed in pri-vatefamil'es, and therefore the quantity really drunk must be larger than is here stated. But, taking this return as the most complete that could be obtained, we have the following account for 1853:—4,931,639 gallons of foreign and colonial spirits were consumed in Great Britain, and 211,685 in Ireland. Of home made spirits the consumption was 16,885,955 gallons in Great Britain, and 8,136,362 in Ireland. Foreign and colonial wine, 6,227,022 gallons in Great Britain, 586,800 in Ireland. Peer, 16,543,781 barrels in Great Britain, 640,251 in Ireland. Malt, 40,362,102 bushels in Great Britain, 1,630,075 in Ireland. Sugar, 6,999,884 cwts. in Great Britain, 487,705 in Ireland. Tea, 51,601,851 lbs. in Great Britain, 7,832,236 lbs. in Ireland. Tebacco, 24,940,555 lbs. in Great Britain, 4,624,141 lbs. in Ireland. Taking the population as being much the same in number in 1853 as in 1851, when the census was taken, the average consumption during the year must have been considerably above a gallon of spirits (nearly nine pints, or about a sixth of a pint per week), nearly a quart of foreign wine (or half a pint in three months), and about 22 1/2 gallons of beer (not quite half a pint a day). An individual average, however, is very wide of the mark. It may give a somewhat better idea of the quantity to take the average by families. According to this return, if there had been a communistic system, and these beverages had been equally distributed, a family of six persons must have had to drink, in the course of the year, 52 pints of spirits, (a pint a week), six quarts of foreign wine, (a pint a month), and 1,080 pints of beer (not quite three pints a day).

Stock Exchange.

904 5 N H & Harti RR. 1
914 55 Erie RR.
91 50 do b50
103 490 do 100
112 50 de b20
46 100 do 80
92 100 do b60
92 100 do b60
100 100 do 60
25 50 do b3
7 100 do b3
7 100 do b3
7 100 do b3
814 100 Harlem RR. 80
834 200 do 83
834 200 do 83 850 N J Zine Co.... 800 do....b90 150 do....b69 50 do....s10 300 Flor & K Jt Stk.. 200 do....b3 1% 550 Me Trans Co.opg 2014 25 Breck Coal Co... 1003 100 do.....s60 5 NY & NHav RR.. 105 do..... 51 Mich Cen ER... 25 Breek Coal Co. 100%
25 do. 100%
100 Cum Coal Co. 890 27%
250 do. 830 27%
150 do. 83 27%
150 Park V Cl Co. b7 6%
100 do. 83 6%
100 do. 6%
100 do. 6%
100 Gard Gl Mine.830 23%
500 Caled Mng Co. 830 43% 40 Mich South RR... 150 Panama RR.... 10 do..... 74 Cleve & Tol RR... 100 Gard Gl Mine.s50 234 350 do. ...530 95
500 Caled Mng Co.830 434

\$ECOND BO ARD.

\$1000 Virginia 6's. ...104% 50 ahs Eric RR ...53 7134
5000 NY CR Bs.350 6034 100 do. ...860 7134
1000 Parb'a Bs. 1st Is 10034 350 do. ...810 7134
2000 HI CRE Bs. heb 79 600 do. ...83 7134
2000 HI CRE Bs. heb 79 600 do. ...83 7134
200 ahs CumCl Co.800 28 100 do. ...83 7134
100 do. ...850 27% 50 Cleve & Feledo RR 94
500 Par Vn Cl Co. b50 634 15 Mich So RR ... 117
600 do. ...850 27% 50 Cleve & Feledo RR 94
500 Par Vn Cl Co. b50 634 15 Mich So RR ... 117
600 do. ...850 2534 100 do. ...830 7534
100 For & Kpt Jt Sik. 1% 100 do. ... 530 7534
100 do. ... b50 13% 300 do. ... 530 7534
100 do. ... b50 13% 300 do. ... 500 7534
100 do. ... b50 2634 100 do. ... 530 7534
100 Eran Co... 550 2634 100 do. ... 530 7534
36 Cleve & Pitt-2 RR 91 500 Hodson R BR 830 74
36 Cleve & Pitt-2 RR 91 500 Hodson R BR 830 74
36 Cleve & Pitt-2 RR 91 500 Ardiner Gold. ... 500 500 do. ... 830 94
100 shs Parker Vn. ... 850 834 100 shs Gold Hill. ... 830 334
500 Putchess Silver b30 13% 500 Gardiner Gold. ... 650 236
500 Lindsay ... 60c 400 Caledonia ... b30 444
500 do. ... 505 70c 500 do. ... 831 246 500 Caled Mng Co. 830

CITY TRADE REPORT.

CITY TRADE REPORT.

FRIDAY, April 28—6 P. M.

ASEES were inactive at \$6 6)4 for pearls, and \$6 a \$6
6)4 for pots, per 100 lbs.

BREADSTUFFS.—Flour continued quiet, in the absence
of any considerable demand but that for the home
trade. The day's sales reached: 6,500 bbls. ordinary
to choice State, at \$7 50 a \$7 8734; mixed to fancy Indians and Michigan, at \$8 a \$8 3734; and other kinds at
proportionate prices. The sales of Canadian comprised
4,000 bbls. superfine, in bond, at \$7 75 a \$7 8134; and
those of Southern, 1,500 bbls., chiefly mixed to good, at
\$8 6234 a \$8 8734 per bbl. Wheat was rare and needed.
The transactions included 3,000 bushels common mixed
Geresee at \$2; and 4,100 red Jersey at \$1 95 a \$1 97.

We heard that 1,000 bushels rye brough \$1 15. Barley
and oats were unaltered. Corn was less abundant and
rather inactive. The day's business did not exceed
\$0,000 bushels at, \$2c. a 86c. for the various kinds, per
bushel.

Covern.—Transactions were light, with a steady mar-

Coryes.—Transactions were light, with a steady mar-ket; 200 a 300 bags Rio, at 11c. a 11½c.; Java was at 14c. 1435c.
COTTON was dull and heavy, with sales as follows:—
747 bales on speculation, 104 do. for home use, and 239 do. on speculation—total, 1,090 bales.
FRATHERS.—There were 3,700 lbs. live geese sold on

FRAMERS.—There were 3,700 lbs. live geese sold on private terms.

FREMERS.—Rates continued to rule dull, with light engagements. To Liverpool about 400 or 500 bales of cotton were engaged (compressed) at 5-16d.; and 8,000 a 10,000 bushels of grain, at 7d. in bulk; about 2,000 bbls. of flour were taken, at 2s. 6d.; and 15 tons of wood were engaged at 20s., neasurement. A vessel was engaged to lead with sugar at Havana, for Cowes and a market, at £4; and a foreign vessel was taken up to load with deals at St. Andrews, for London, at £6 10s. Rates to Havre were nominal, at ½c. for cotton, \$10 for rice, and \$c. and 10c. for ashes, and ½c. for bone. No flour or grain worth naming was offering. To California rates were dull, and varied from 50c. to 60c. For Australia the clipper Nightingale was nearly full, at 60c., and was expected to sail between the 1st and 10th proximo.

FRUIT.—Some 600 boxes bunch raisins fetched \$2 80 a \$3.

FRUIT.—Some 600 boxes bunch raisins fetched \$2 80 a \$3.

aHav was in good demand, at 70c. a 75c. for shipment, and \$7\forallocal use, per 100 lbs.

Hass.—A small but of undressed American, which was received since our last report, sold at \$220, and for the first arrival of the new crop \$240 is asked. About \$0 bales dressed sold at \$270 a \$285. A cargo of Russian yarms, 400 tons, to arrive from Mamel, sold at 15c. a 16\foralloc\_c, six months. 600 bales of Mandla, ex Shirly, including all in first hands, sold at 15c., six months. Jute has been sold in bond at \$110, and 115 is now asked; duty paid, \$120, now held at \$125.

Imos.—Sectch pig was moderately inquired for, at \$30 a \$40 per ton, usual credit.

Latus.—Eastern were saleable and firm, at \$2 per thousand.

a \$40 per ton, usual credit.

LATIS —Eastern were saleable and firm, at \$2 per thousand.

Molasses.—We noticed sales of 200 bbls. New Orleans at 24c., 20 hhds. Porto Rice at 27c., and 60 do. Cuba massovado at 23c. a 27c. per gallom.

Naval Stories.—About 1,000 bbls. of Wilmington rosin, (310 lbs. to the barrel.) was sold at \$475. Tar was at \$4 25 a \$4 50; turrentine at 54gc., and spiritsat 62c. a 60c. Chis.—No change of interest occurred in crude whale or agent. Sales were made of 140 bashets olive. at \$4 cach: and 3,000 gallons Hasses, in lots, at 97c. a 98c. per gallom. Other kinds were unchanged.

Provisions.—Tork varied little. The day's sales consisted of 400 bbls., at \$24 43 a \$44 50 for mess; and \$13 123c a \$13 25 for prime, per bbl. Cut meats were in better demand, with sales of 470 packages, at 75gc. a \$4 50 for hams; and 53gc. a 6c. for cholders, per abl About 200 bbls. lard brought 10c. a 103gc. per lb. Beef was pretty brisk. The sales reached 300 bbls. at \$7 a \$2 26 for prime; \$5 50 a \$12 for country mess; and \$14 a \$14 50 for prime; \$5 50 a \$12 for country mess; and \$15 a \$14 50 for prime, per bbl. Beef hams, butter, and cheese remained about the same.

PICE.—The market was quiet, with sales of 100 casks good quality, at \$c. per lb.

First Estain—Sales at auction.—I lot on Second avenue, 51 feet from Eighty fourth street, 25 6x100 6, \$700; 1 on 127th street, 180 feet from Third avenue, 25x100, \$500; 1 on Fighteenth street, 113 feet from avenue B, 27 feet from Thirteenth street, 113 feet from avenue B, 27 feet from Thirteenth street, 126 cach, \$\$4,500; 2 adjoining, \$\$4,600; 1 do., \$2,400. Brooklyn property—I three story brick houses and lots on Court street, 27 feet from Provers, 25x100, \$700; 1 on Third avenue, 150 feet cast of Court street, house 20x44, lot 20x33, \$\$5,500. Williams. bury property—I to do n. Lorimer street, \$75 feet from Fine and the same are \$\$6,250. Williams. Other provers, 25x100, \$700; 1 on Third avenue, 150 feet cast of Court street, house 20x44, lot 20x33, \$\$5,500. New York—H

-210 chests, 18c.; 66 do., 27c.; 20 do., 25½c.; 80 do., 25c.
SUGARE-Sales of 430 hhds. Cuba Muscovado were made at 4½c., 4½c., a 5c.; 250 do. New Orleans, at 4½c. a 5c.; and 250 do. Porto Rico, 1.5½c. a 5½c. a 5½c. SEGARE-There were 190,000 German disposed of, at \$5 a \$9 per thousand.
WHIREXT—The day's sales did not exceed 450 bbls. Ohio, at 26½c., cash, and prison at 27c., short credit, per callon.

per gallon.

Weet—The merket continues depressed, and few sales making. Pemestic is comparatively neglected. In foreign there is a light domand for carpet wools, while medium at d the fine qualities are uncalled for. No change in prices since our last.

ADVERTISEMENTS RENEWED EVERY DAY.

A MERICAN MUSICAL FUND SOCIETY—NOTICE IS bereby given (according to article 33 of the constitutions) that a special meeting will be held at the More House, on the 27th of May, at 2 o'clock, for the purpose of altering the rules and regulations of the Society, By order, JOHN C, SCHERPF, Sely,

CAUTION.—THE PUBLIC ARE CAUTIONED against paying any moneys or trusting James Harpor, of this city, on my account, as he has no connexton whatever with the subscriber. JERE F. HALL, 197 Dunes st. DOWNINGS OYSTERS.—THE LOVERS OF THE above are invited to call and try a superior eyster which he has just received.

THOS. DOWNING, No. 3 Broad street.

which he has just received.

THOS. DOWNING, No. 3 Broad street.

Havana Plan. MESSES. Editors:—In a notice of the Southers Military Academy Lettery, several part he city of Montgomery. The said of a military academy is the city of Montgomery. The said of a military academy is the city of Montgomery. The said of a military academy is located from west this server. The Southers Military academy is located from West Point the city and in the received from the several s

Montgomery, Ala.

IRVING BUILDING AND MUTUAL LOAN ASSOCIAtion.—Notice to delinquents.—All members who are in
arrears for six months, or more, are hereby notified that
unless the amount due be paid at the office immediately, the
sharea held by them will be forfeited, in accordance with
the provisions of the Act of Incorporation, sec. 4.

E. COMBS, Secretary.

E. COMBS, Secretary.

LET THE PEOPLE JUDGE:—THE UNDERSIGNED appeals from the decision of "the Committee on Odea," at the Crystal Palace, to the people, and will recits his Ode submitted to them, from the steps of the City Hall, at 5 o'clock P. M., on Sunday next.

CHAS. SMITH.

o'clock P. M., on Sunday next.

NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.

Notice—The annual election for thirteen directors of this company, will take place at their office, No. 2 Handverstreet, on Tuesday, May 16, 1854. The polls will be open from 12 M. till 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books of both stocks will be closed on Saturday, May 6, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., and opened on Wednesday, May 17, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M. By order of the Board.

ALEX. KYLE, Soc'y.

A.M. By order of the Board. ALEX. KYLE, Soc'y.

NOTICE—ALL PERSON'S ARE HEREBY FORBIDDEN
trust any person on the credit of Taylor & Rogers, as
there is not now any such firm in existence; and all persons indebted to Taylor & Rogers. No. 373 Breadway, for
work done, or otherwise, are notified to pay such debts to
Daniel G. Taylor, an no other person, as no one else is autherized to close up or settle any bushess transacted in the
name of Taylor & Rogers, or Rogers & Taylor.

Now York, April 27, 1854.

NOTICE—THOSE IN FAVOR OF THE OPENING
of the Bowery into Franklin square, are requested to
meet at the Eastern Pearl street House, corner of Pearl
and Ferry streets, at Zo'clock P. M., Saurday, 23th inst.

OFFICE OF THE ACCESORY TRANSIT COMPANY
OF Nicaragus. New York, April 14, 1854.—Notice is
hereby given that an election for president and six directors
to manage the business of this company for twelve months
from the first Monday in June nest, will be held at the ofsec of the company on Monday, the 1st day of May naxis,
from 12 o'clock M. to 2 P. M. By order,
ISAAC C. LEA, Scorotary.

CCANDINAVIA.—THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETDing of this society will be held on Monday, May I, at the
Scandinavian House, No. 73 Leonard street, between Broadway and Church street, at the usual time. By order,
A. LOVENBERG, Secretary.

SEAMEN'S MISSION.—THE TENTH ANNIVERSARY
Of the New York Protestant Episcopal Church Missionary Society, for seamen, will be held to-morrow (Sanday)
evening, 30th inst., in the Church of the Ascension, Fifth
avenue, when the annual report will be read and a sermon
preached by the Rev. Samwel Cook, of St. Bartinjoumew's
Church. The Rt. Rov. nishep Wainwright will preside,
and a collection made in aid of the society. Divine service
will commence at 7½ c'clock. SOME ONE HAVING TAKEN THE ONLY RELIC OF

the late infant Frederick—his boots—from No. 2 Day street, the friends have nothing whereby to remember him until the return of the family from Europa, and as they are of no ure to the person that took them, he will confer a favor by returning them to OSCAR, J. S., at No. 2. N. B.—Letters are expected from Mr. and Mrs. Shanghae per next steamer from Europe.

TAX COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, NEW YORK, APRIL

10, 1854.—Notice to tax payers.—The assessment rolls
of the saveral wards of the city and county of New York
will be open for examination and roview from Saturday,
the 20th day of May, until Monday, the 26th day of June, inclusive. All tax payers desirous of examining or correcting
the assessment rolls are requested to make application to
the undersigned, at their office, between the hours off
A. M. and é F. R. W. ALLEN,
GEO. H. PURSER,
WM. J. PECK.

TELEGRAPH NOTICE.—CHANGE OF RATES BY
I tween New York and Boston.—The New York and Ne
England Union Telegraph Company and the House Print
ing Telegraph Company have found it necessary to increase
their rates of tariff, and have mutually agreed to the following scale:— Between A. lork and Providence, tariff for ten words... Ba Between N. lork and Providence, tariff for ten words... Ba

Tariito and from all way stations, for ton words..... Sa. Each added word.... Sa. Each added word.... Sa. The above tariff to take effect on and after the first days. May next ensuing. Signed for joint committees, JOHN A. LEFFERTS. New York, April 21, 1804. CHARLES SPEAR.

U. A. O. D.—REMOVAL.—UNITED BROTHERS the regular weekly meeting of the Grove will be held as Mechanics' Hall, 180 Hester street.

REWARD-MISSING BOY -JOHN ROACH to 20th of August. 1845; was the neget four-teen years, and about four feet two inches high, stout made and eligibility freechied; has red hard and birth and size of the red hard size of the red hard birth and birth one of the red hard size of the writing; the little finger of each hand is curied in wards; is marked a good deal with India ink on one or both arms; a little below one shoulder, believed to be the left, is a small red mark in the ukin. Any information to be sent to W. J. PAULDING, No. 18 Wall street, New York.

6.5 REWARD.-LOST, IN SIXTH AVENUE, NEAR OT Thirty fifth street, about 61/2 o'clock on Wednesday evening, a runall half lele of Skye terrier dog, with a long black body and short grey lego. Answers to the name of Prince. The finder will receive the above reward on returning him to Mr. Helser, corner of Fifth avenue and Thirty-sinth street. \$\frac{\phi}{\phi}\$ REWARD.—LOST, ON SUNDAY, APRIL 12. A \$\frac{\phi}{\phi}\$ Wallet containing papers of value to no one but the owner; mong the papers was a noto signed by I. S. W.; also, a scrip for silver stock, in the name of V. W.; besides other papers. The above reward will be paid if notice is given in his paper, stating where the papers can be found.

5 REWARD.—LOST ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON 15 Inst, from the window of house 504 Bleocker street, a heavy plain gold ring. The above reward will so paid by delivering the rame to G. Asker, 304 Bleocker street, up stairs, or to M. A. King & Co., 157 Water street.

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.—LOST, LAST SATUR-day week, about 9 o'clock in the morning, a young brindle sirt, with her oars cropped; weichs about tweaty-cight pounds. F. CLOSEY, Entery Hotel \_\_\_\_\_ LOST AND FOUND.

DOG LOST.-A YELLOW TERRIER, WITH THE owner's name on a loather collar. If returned to 29 Languite place, a suitable reward will be paid. MOUND-ON FRIDAY, APRIL 21, IN FOURTH AVE Pune, near Twenty first street, a hair bracelet, which may be obtained, by identifying it, at 103 Second avenue.

OST-ON THURSDAY EVENING, EITHER IN FOUR-teenth street or Fifth avenus, chair breastpin, set with earls. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to No. 10 Exchange place, up stairs.

Lost-A DRAFT, DRAWN BY BENJ, POULTNEY, dated Baltimere, April 12, 1854, six months date, due October 15, 1854, in and accepted by John Randall, and payable at the Mechanics' Bank, in New York for 3642, all parties are cantioned against negotiating the same, payment having been stopped. S. ELY, 79 Feiton street.

OST-A NOTE, DATED APRIL 12, 1854, DRAWN BY
Mary McKinney to the order of, and endorsed by A.
Packhardt, at four months, for \$122. All persons are cautioned against negotiating said note.
MARY McKINNEY.

OST-OR LEFT IN A BROADWAY OMNIBUS, A pair of gold spectacles, in a German silver care, with the inscription, "John H. Thompson, in the Sabbath school cause for life." Being a gift, are of great value, and if left at the Western Hotel, Cortlandt street, the finder will be rewarded.

OST-ON FRIDAY, 21ST INST, A CERTIFICATE OF ten shares of Fulton Bank stock, owned and endorsed by Jos. G. B. Brown, numbered oil, and dated May 6, 1561. Four shares of said stock were transferred, and notes of the transfer made on the face of the certificate. The finder will be suitably rewarded on application to the owner, as No. 168 Henry street, Brooklyn.

I OST-YESTERDAY, IN FIFTH AVENUE, DETWERN I Ninth and Thirteenth streets, a gold locket, enamelled locket and trinket, and gold and coynelian seal, with a portion of the watch chain attached. The index will be suitably rewarded on leaving them at No. 16 Fifth avenue, or at the office of Simeon Draper, No. 46 Fine street. TOST OR STOLEN—A CHECK DRAWN BY BIRK-beck, Furman & Co., on the Mechanics' Bank, Wil-liamsburg, for three hundred dollars. Payment having been stopped a reward of ten dollars will be paid for its return to the subscriber. JAMES M'DERMOTT, S Sullivan street.

MISLAID OR LOST-ON SUNDAY OR MONDAY, between 57 Wall street, Broadway and Staton Island ferry, a bundle of papers, including a printed record of Smart vs. Maxwell. The finder will be suitably rewarded by bringing it to JOHN S. McCULLOH, at his office, No. 37 Wall street.

MUIRS, FALKIRK, MILLERS, &c., &c., SCOTCH ALE, uperfor English ale, East India pale ale, London porter. A fit superior condition. Also, Chra. Heidelich, Holderick, Munn, &c., champague wines, claret, branches wines, etc. cordinis yrvpus negars. &c., in all branches dealers and family use. Warranted as represented, and east etc. By Dur cent below any other lieuse, by WM. UNDER LILL, 450 Broome street, corneg of Groebs.